

GHS – United States

Sectio	Section 1. Product and Company Identification						
Product Name: CTG17 – Orange Brown			CTG17 – Orange Brown				
Synonym: Ceramic Glaze – dry							
Supplier/ Aardvark Clay & Supplies							
Manufa			1400 East Pomona St., Santa Ana, Ca.	92705 USA			
			714-541-4157 phone				
			714-541-2021 fax contact@aardvarkclay.com				
Fmerge	ncy Ph	one Number					
Product	-		Pottery Manufacturing				
Restrict			Not applicable				
		azards Idei					
GHS/Ha			m 2012 Classifications:	-			
2012 La		0113/110200					
		Health:					
			CITY (Inhalation) - Category 1A (quart	73			
				<u> </u>	atory tract) (inhalation) - Category 1 (quartz) atory tract) (inhalation) - Category 2 (Iron Oxi	de)	
			GET ORGAN TOXICITY (Single Exposure			/	
		EYE IRRITANT	- Category 2A (quartz, rutile)				
		SKIN IRRITAN	r - Category 2 (quartz, rutile)				
Signal V	Nord:	Environment	tal:		Physical:		
Dang		Not Hazardous			Not Hazardous		
Hazard	·	ents:			<b>I</b>		
Health:							
		mild skin irritatio		H335			
		damage to orgar d exposure (inha	ns (lungs) through prolonged or alation).	H350	May cause cancer.		
Environ			,	Physica	al:		
Not haza	ardous			Not haz	ardous		
Precaut	tion Sta	tements:					
Prevent	tion						
P201	Obtain s	special instruction	ons before use.	P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions hav understood.	ve been read and	
		preathe dust/spr	-	P273	Avoid release to the environment.		
P264 P272		ands thoroughly	after handling. should not be allowed out of the	P270 P280	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this p		
	workpla	ce.			Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ face protection.		
P284 Respon	-	or inadequate v	entilation] wear respiratory protection	1.			
		dical advice/atte	ntion if you feel unwell.	P391	Collect Spillage.		
			P304+ P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and for breathing.	keep comfortable		
	IF IN EYE	ES: Rinse cautiou	usly with water for several minutes.	P340 P301+	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or do	ctor/physician if	
P351+				P312+	you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.		
P302+ P352					IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induc	e vomiting.	
Precauti				P330+			
Precaution Statements:  Storage Disposal							
Storage	on State			P330+ P331 Disposa	ıl		
Storage P402	Store in	ments:		P331	Dispose of contents/container in accordance		
Storage           P402           P403	Store in Store in	ments: a dry place. a well ventilated	•	P331 Disposa			
Storage           P402           P403           P404	Store in Store in Store in	ments: a dry place. a well ventilated a closed contair	•	P331 Disposa	Dispose of contents/container in accordance		
Storage           P402           P403           P404           P405	Store in Store in Store in Store lo	ments: a dry place. a well ventilated a closed contair	her.	P331 Disposa	Dispose of contents/container in accordance		



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## Section 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Substance/Mixture:		Mixture – A trade secret claim is made for this glaze.				
Chemical		CAS Number	Ingredients	Chemical % of Mixture		
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 14808-60-7	Feldspar, Whiting, Ball Clay, Red Iron Oxide	<20		
Kaolinite	Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O	CAS # 1332-58-7	Ball Clay	<25		
Calcium Carbonate	CaCO3	CAS # 1317-65-3	Limestone (Whiting)	<25		
Iron Oxide	Fe2O3	CAS # 1309-37-1	Iron Oxide, Rutile	<10		
Titanium Dioxide	TiO2	CAS # 13463-67-7	Rutile	<5		

## Section 4. First-Aid Measures

Description of first-aid Measures:	
First-aid measures general	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	Move victim to well ventilated area. If mechanical discomfort persists, seek medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash affected area with soap and warm water.
	Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.
First-aid measures after eye contact	Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and
	easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking, or redness persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Small amount unlikely to be toxic by ingestion.
	If large amount ingested or if discomfort persist, drink two glasses of water and seek medical attention.
Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Bo	th Acute and Delayed:
Symptoms/injuries	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (inhalation).
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause cancer by inhalation. Dust from this product may cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Prolonged contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	If a large quantity has been ingested, intestinal blockage and/or gastro-intestinal irritation may result.
Chronic symptoms	Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung
	damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough,
	fever, and weight loss. Acute silicosis can be fatal.

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

## Section 5. Fire-Fighting Measures



#### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Suitable extinguishing media	This product is not combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	No restrictions on extinguishing media for this mixture.
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	This mixture is not flammable and does not support fire
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	This mixture does not contain hazardous decomposition products.
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Product can become slippery when wet.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment.

## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

Use of personal precautions	Avoid inhalation of dust. Wear a N-95 face mask when cleaning up dust.
Emergency procedures	There are no emergency procedures required for this mixture.
Methods and Materials for containment	There are no special spill measures that apply for this mixture.
Clean up procedures	For dusts, use a vacuum to clean up spillage. If appropriate, use gentle water spray
	to wet down and minimize dust generation. Place waste in a sealed container.

## Section 7. Handling & Storage

Precautions for safe handling	Keep bags out of direct sunlight. Do not expose dry glaze to moisture until use. Do not
	expose liquid glaze to freezing. Use proper lifting techniques to avoid physical injury.
Recommendations on the conditions for safe storage	Store locked up in a dry location.



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Section 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection					
Chemical	hemical CAS Number Occupational Exposure Limits				
Quartz,(Crystalline Silica)	CAS#14808-60-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 0.025 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
SiO2		OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / divided by the value "%SiO2" + 2 (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / divided by the value " $\%$ SiO2" + 2 (total dust)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .05 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA .3 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (total)			
Kaolinite	CAS#1332-58-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 2 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable) / particulate matter containing no			
Al2O3.2SiO2.2H2O		asbestos and <1% crystalline silica (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 2 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA not established (total)			
Calcium Carbonate	CAS# 1317-65-3	ACGIH TLV: Not Established			
CaCO3		OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (total)			
Iron Oxide	CAS # 1309-37-1	ACGIH TLV: TWA .2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
Fe2O3		OSHA PEL: TWA 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
Titanium Dioxide	CAS # 13463-67-7	ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
TiO2		OSHA PEL: TWA 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)			
		CAL OSHA PEL: TWA 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total)			

**Appropriate engineering controls:** When mixing dry glazes, use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as required to maintain exposures below applicable occupational exposure limits (TLV).

#### **Recommendations for personal protective measures**

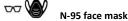
Local Exhaust: When mixing glazes, use sufficient local exhaust to reduce the level of respirable dust to the applicable standards set forth in Section III - ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation, A Manual of Recommended Practice," latest edition.

**Respiratory Protection:** Dust is generated when working with dry glaze. To minimize exposure to dust and/or crystalline silica(quartz), the mixing of dry glaze materials should be conducted with sufficient ventilation. Respirable dust and quartz levels should be monitored regularly. Dust and quartz levels in excess of appropriate exposure limits should be reduced by feasible engineering controls, including (but not limited to) wet suppression, ventilation, and process enclosure. When such controls are not feasible, NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators must be worn in accordance with a respiratory protection program which meets OSHA requirements as set forth at 29 CFR1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2-1080 - "Practices for Respiratory Protection". In most cases, a disposable N-95 Particulate Respirator is sufficient.

**Eye Protection:** Use NIOSH/OSHA approved safety glasses with side shields. Face shields can also be used when mixing dry glaze. Wear tight fitting dust goggles when excessively (visible) dusty conditions are present or are anticipated. NIOSH recommends that contact lenses not be worn when working with crystalline silica dust. **Skin Protection:** Use gloves and/or protective clothing if abrasion or allergic reactions are experienced.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Avoid creating and breathing dust. Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved dust mask when working in dust conditions - (N-95). Food, beverages, and smoking materials should NOT be in the work area. Persons using ceramic materials should wash thoroughly before eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics.

#### **Protective Clothing Pictograms**



Section 9. Physical & Chemical Properties				
Physical State	Powder			
Appearance	Tinted Powder			
Odor	None			
Odor Threshold	Not Applicable			
рН	6-8			
Solubility in Water	None			
Melting Point	> 1300 °C (>2380°F)			
Freezing Point	< 0 °C (<32°F)			
Specific Gravity / Relative Density	2.35 g/cc			
Evaporation Rate	No data available			
Flash Point	Not Applicable			
Auto-Ignition Temperature	Not Applicable			
Decomposition Temperature	Not Applicable			
Flammability	Not Applicable			
Vapor Pressure	Not Applicable			
Vapor Density	Not Applicable			
Explosive Limits	Not Applicable			
Viscosity	Not Applicable			
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not Applicable			
Initial Boiling Point & Boiling Range	Not Applicable			



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## Section 10. Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity	Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
Chemical stability	Stable at standard temperature and pressure. No stabilizers required to maintain chemical stability.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	None known
Incompatible materials	None known
Hazardous decomposition products	None known

## Section 11. Toxicological Information

Routes of Exposure	Inhalation of dust, Ingestion					
Descriptions of the delayed, immediate, or c	hronic effects from short- and	l long-term e	xposure			
Inhalation	Inhalation of high concentra	tions of glaze	dust may ca	use mechanica	al irritation and discon	nfort.
	Long term exposure may cau	use chronic ef	fects.			
Eye Contact	Not a primary eye irritant. N	lay cause me	chanical irrita	ation.		
Skin Contact/Irritation	Not a primary skin irritant. N	lot absorbed	through skin.	. May cause dr	y skin.	
Sensitization	Not a strong sensitizer.					
Ingestion	Risk of effect on the liver, th	e cardiovascu	ılar system, t	he hematolog	ical system and the ad	renals from
	Barium Carbonate.					
Chronic Effects						
OSHA Carcinogen	Lung cancer – Crystaline silic	a has been cl	assified by O	SHA as a hum	an lung carcinogen.	
Mutagenic Effects	None Known					
Teratogenic Effects	None Known					
Developmental Toxicity	None Known					
Effects of Silicosis	Symptoms of Silicosis					
Bronchitis/Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Dis	order. Possible renal disease.		Shortness of	of breath; poss	ible fever. Fatigue; los	s of appetite
Tuberculosis – Silicosis makes an individual more susceptible to TB.			Chest pain; dry, nonproductive cough.			
Scleroderma – a disease affecting skin, blood vessels, joints and skeletal mu			Respiratory failure, which may eventually lead to death.			
Remarks						
Carcinogenicity	Repeated or long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung damage in the form					
	of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.					
	Acute silicosis can be fatal. Short term exposure is of little concern.					
Numerical Measures of toxicity	merical Measures of toxicity None Known					
	OSHA, IARC, and NTP Ca	rcinogen Clas	sifications			
Chemical with Carcinogen Potential		CA	S#	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Quartz, (Crystalline Silica)	SiO2	CAS # 14	1808-60-7	Yes	Yes - Group 1	Yes
Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) TiO2			3463-67-7	Yes	Yes - Group 2b	No

## Section 12. Ecological Information (non-mandatory)

Ecotoxicity	None Known
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD5)	None Known
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	None Known
Products of Biodegradation	None Known
Toxicity of the products of Biodegradation	None Known
Bioaccumulation Potential	None Known
Potential to move from soil to groundwater	None Known
Other adverse effects	None Known

### 13. Disposal Considerations

Personal Protection	Refer to Section 8: "Recommendations for Personal Protective Measures" when disposing of glaze waste.	
Appropriate disposal containers	Standard waste disposal containers – no specials requirements.	
Appropriate disposal methods	Disposal of this product should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. In most cases, this is normal waste disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized. Dispose of non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.	
Physical and chemical properties	ties Glaze waste should be placed in a sealed container or in a manner that reduces or eliminates the release of the	
that may affect disposal	product. Packaging should be recycled before disposal.	
Sewage disposal	Do not dispose of into sinks or toilets. They will clog. Never dispose of this product into a sewer system.	
Special precautions for landfills There are no special precautions for disposal in a landfill.		
or incineration activities	This product is non-combustible and is not suitable for incineration.	



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### Section 14. Transportation Information

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class	Packing Group Number	Bulk Transport Guidance	Special Precautions
DOT Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
TDG Classification	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated	-	-	-	-	-

#### Section 15. Regulatory Information

TSCA – Toxic Substances Control Act - EPA	Quartz and other chemicals are listed in the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory			
California Prop. 65	WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including quartz which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.			
SARA/Title III	This mixture contains no substances at or above the reporting threshold under			
(Emergency Planning & Community Right-to-Know Act)	Section 313, based on available data.			

Section 16. Other Information

#### **Definitions**

**OSHA** means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

IARC means International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP means National Toxicology Program

**CAS** means Chemical Abstract Service

ACGIH means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAL-OSHA means California OSHA, most CAL-OSHA standards defer to the federal OSHA standards

**OSHA** means Occupational Safety & Health Administration

OSHA PEL means OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit

TWA means Time Weighted Average (average exposure on the basis of an 8h/day, 40h/week work schedule)

TLV means Threshold Limit Value - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH)

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